fact that in 1923 alone 2,021 Canadian patents, a record figure, were issued to Canadians by the Patent Office.

Applications for patents in Canada from inventors in other countries were first received in 1872. In that year the total number of applications for patents made to the Canadian Patent Office, Department of Agriculture, was 752, and the total fees amounted to \$18,652. The business of the Office has gradually continued to expand and the number of applications and total fees increased each year without a break from the beginning of the present century until the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1913, when 8,681 applications were received and the total fees amounted to \$218,125. In the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1928, there were 11,845 applications, with fees amounting to \$412,146, as compared with 11,406 and \$438,690 respectively in 1927. For the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1928, the number of patents granted was 9,518, as compared with 10,018 in 1927, a decrease of 500. Of the patents of 1928, 6,287 or 66 p.c. were issued to United States inventors, 1,285 to Canadians and 712 to residents of Great Britain and Ireland, while Germany with 419, France with 197 and Australia with 119, came next in number of inventors to whom patents were issued. Table 21 shows the distribution of the Canadian patentees for the years 1918 to 1928 by province of residence.

21.—Number of Canadian Patentees, by Province of Residence, for the fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1918-1928.

Provinces.	1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbis. Yukon and N.W.T.	No. 3 18 14 220 398 91 84 61 83	No. 21 9 172 386 66 76 75	No. 9 29 22 312 636 86 94 116 147	No. 2 29 33 331 708 118 119 127 177	No. 4 22 14 276 508 75 101 96 103 -	No. 9 35 21 430 845 158 166 155 202	No. 7 41 14 312 673 83 106 123 174	No. 2 26 24 302 559 66 101 95 127	No. 2 30 24 272 561 68 90 95	No. 5 19 21 320 499 89 68 82 129	No. 3 24 12 298 537 71 100 88 152
Total	873	875	1,451	1,645	1,199	2,021	1,533	1,302	1,292	1,232	1,285

It will be seen from the table that the more populous provinces of Ontario and Quebec obtained the largest absolute number of patents, but a calculation of the number of patentees in relation to population shows that, for the fiscal year 1928, the greatest relative inventiveness was displayed in British Columbia. Thus, in this province, in 1928, one patent was granted for every 3,835 persons, the other provinces, as regards the number of persons to each patent granted, being placed in order as follows:—Ontario, 6,010; Alberta, 7,180; Saskatchewan, 8,510; Quebec, 8,880; Manitoba, 9,225; Nova Scotia, 22,780; P.E. Island, 28,800; and New Brunswick, 34,580.

22.—Statistics of Patents applied for, granted, etc., fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1924-1928.

Items.	1924,	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.
Applications for patents. No Patents granted. "Certificates for renewal fees. "Caveats granted. "Assignments. "Fees received, net \$	10,441	14,834	11,133	11,406	11,845
	9,000	9,508	11,001	10,018	9,518
	1,793	1,485	1,761	2,204	319
	415	392	396	397	370
	5,061	7,519	5,948	6,409	7,011
	390,934	474,614	455,211	438,690	412,146